Pars Plana Vitrectomy Alone With Diffuse Illumination and Vitreous Dissection to Manage Primary Retinal Detachment With Unseen Breaks

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eFigure 1. Surgeon’s view. Schlieren effect (streaming of subretinal fluid through a break in the retina) seen during pars plana vitrectomy. A, Spontaneous Schlieren effect (between white arrows) is evident with diffuse illumination at the beginning of the procedure; in this eye, the primary break is located at the 11 o’clock position. B, Secondary Schlieren effect (arrow) due to dynamic scleral depression with peripheral vitreous dissection.